

To: Kluesner, Dave[kluesner.dave@epa.gov]
From: Nereid Secretary
Sent: Wed 4/16/2014 3:56:01 PM
Subject: RE: New York Times Editorial: A Cleanup Plan for a Toxic River

Hi Dave

Thanks so much for sharing all these articles -- please keep them coming. We at Nereid are watching these plans very closely. Hopefully a few of our board members will attend one of the hearings.

Side note: as a communications professional, I'm envious of all the excellent media coverage you've gotten, but of course, when you have a great story to tell, the coverage usually comes to you!

All the best

Erin Martin
Nereid Secretary

From: kluesner.dave@epa.gov
Subject: New York Times Editorial: A Cleanup Plan for a Toxic River
Date: Wed, 16 Apr 2014 15:37:25 +0000

<http://www.nytimes.com/2014/04/16/opinion/a-cleanup-plan-for-a-toxic-river.html?hp&rref=opinion&r=0>

NYT

EDITORIAL

A Cleanup Plan for a Toxic River

By THE EDITORIAL BOARD

April 15, 2014

A version of this editorial appears in print on April 16, 2014, on page A24 of the New York edition.

The inventory of pollutants at the bottom of the Passaic River, which meanders for 90 miles through northern New Jersey, is long and truly frightening. More than a century of industrial activity has deposited PCBs, pesticides and other contaminants into sediment that, in some places, is 15 feet deep. Among the worst of the poisons is dioxin, generated in part by a plant in Newark that produced Agent Orange and other deadly pesticides during the 1960s.

Now, after years of study, the Environmental Protection Agency has proposed a cleanup plan for a dangerously fetid eight-mile stretch from Belleville to Newark. This will be no small task. The agency calls it the largest cleanup in the 33-year history of the federal Superfund law, with a projected cost of \$1.7 billion that puts it in roughly the same range as General Electric's cleanup of the PCB's in the upper Hudson River.

The E.P.A.'s plan is ambitious, necessary, long overdue and definitely good news for those who believe that humans should again enjoy this once-thriving waterway. It also shows that Superfund, in which Congress has shown steadily declining interest, still matters when it comes to the long and difficult battle against industrial leftovers. The cleanup has bipartisan support in New Jersey, including from Gov. Chris Christie, a Republican, and Democratic members of Congress.

If approved, after a 60-day public comment period, the project would involve bank-to-bank dredging to remove 4.3 million cubic yards of contaminated sediment, after which the river bed would be capped. The task would take at least five years, and — according to Judith Enck, the agency's regional administrator — it would mean excavating enough contaminated mud to fill New Jersey's MetLife Stadium, twice over.

Under the law, so-called responsible parties — companies that polluted the river — will be required to foot the bill. These include corporations like Honeywell International, Pfizer, Tiffany and others that either polluted the river themselves or acquired companies that did so in the past.

Needless to say, some of the companies are not pleased. One group of 67 companies calling themselves the Cooperating Parties Group has complained that the federal plan would take decades, not five years, would disrupt commercial activity and deny public access to the river. The group's alternative plan is to clean "hot" spots along 17 miles of the river, a plan that E.P.A. finds insufficient to remedy the most polluted areas downstream.

Company representatives have also suggested a fish exchange — a program that would allow people to swap contaminated fish caught in the Passaic for healthy ones. (Catching crabs in parts of the lower river is prohibited, and people are warned not to eat the fish they catch.)

Instead of proposing such diversions as fish swaps, the cooperating companies should face up to their full responsibilities. Meanwhile, the E.P.A. should step up its efforts to identify other businesses that appear to be hiding from their duty to clean up the mess left by their predecessors. It is well past time to rehabilitate one of America's oldest industrial dumping grounds.

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